

Question:

Determine if the system has a nontrivial solution. Try to use as few row operations as possible.

$$3x + 6y - 4z - t = 0$$

$$-5x + 8z + 3t = 0$$

$$8x - y + 7t = 0$$

Solution:

$$3x + 6y - 4z - t = 0$$

The given system is $-5x + 8z + 3t = 0 \implies$ its Corresponding

$$8x - y + 7t = 0$$

augmented matrix: $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 6 & -4 & -1 & 0 \\ -5 & 0 & 8 & 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 & 0 & 7 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$. Now we apply elementary row operations to reduce it into reduced Echelon form.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 6 & -4 & -1 & 0 \\ -5 & 0 & 8 & 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 & 0 & 7 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

By $R'_1 \longrightarrow (\frac{1}{3})R_1$,

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 2 & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -5 & 0 & 8 & 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 & 0 & 7 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -5 & 0 & 8 & 3 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 & 0 & 7 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

By $R'_2 \longrightarrow R_2 + 5R_1, R'_3 \longrightarrow R_3 - 8R_1$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ -5 + 5(1) & 0 + 5(2) & 8 + 5(-\frac{4}{3}) & 3 + 5(-\frac{1}{3}) & 0 + 5(0) \\ 8 - 8(1) & -1 - 8(2) & 0 - 8(-\frac{4}{3}) & 7 - 8(-\frac{1}{3}) & 0 - 8(0) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 10 & \frac{4}{3} & \frac{4}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & -17 & \frac{32}{3} & \frac{29}{3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

By $R'_2 \longrightarrow (\frac{1}{10})R_2$,

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{10}{10} & \frac{4}{3}(\frac{1}{10}) & \frac{4}{3}(\frac{1}{10}) & 0(\frac{1}{10}) \\ 0 & -17 & \frac{32}{3} & \frac{29}{3} & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -\frac{4}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{2}{15} & 0 \\ 0 & -17 & \frac{32}{3} & \frac{29}{3} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

By $R'_1 \longrightarrow R_1 - 2R_2, R'_3 \longrightarrow R_3 + 17R_2$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 - 2(0) & 2 - 2(1) & -\frac{4}{3} - 2(\frac{2}{15}) & -\frac{1}{3} - 2(\frac{2}{15}) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{2}{15} & 0 \\ 0 + 17(0) & -17 + 17(1) & \frac{32}{3} + 17(\frac{2}{15}) & \frac{29}{3} + 17(\frac{2}{15}) & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{8}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{2}{15} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{194}{15} & \frac{179}{15} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

By $R'_3 \longrightarrow (\frac{15}{194})R_3$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{8}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{2}{15} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{194}{15}(\frac{15}{194}) & \frac{179}{15}(\frac{15}{194}) & 0(\frac{15}{194}) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{8}{5} & -\frac{3}{5} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{15} & \frac{2}{15} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{179}{194} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

By $R'_2 \longrightarrow R_2 - \frac{2}{15}R_3, R'_1 \longrightarrow R_1 + \frac{8}{5}R_3$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -\frac{8}{5} + \frac{8}{5}(1) & -\frac{3}{5} + \frac{8}{5}(\frac{179}{194}) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{15} - \frac{2}{15}(1) & \frac{2}{15} - \frac{2}{15}(\frac{179}{194}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{179}{194} & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{85}{97} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{1}{97} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{179}{194} & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Now the last row $\implies z + \frac{179}{194}t = 0 \implies z = -\frac{179}{194}t$, so it can be seen that $\forall$ infinite many values of $t \in \mathbb{R}, \exists$ infinite many values of z .

$$\text{2nd row} \implies y + \frac{1}{97}t = 0 \implies y = -\frac{1}{97}t$$

$$\text{1st row} \implies x + \frac{85}{97}t = 0 \implies x = -\frac{85}{97}t$$

Hence the given system has infinite many solutions other than the

$$\text{trivial solution: } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Now the vector form of the non-trivial solution is;

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ t \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{85}{97}t \\ -\frac{1}{97}t \\ -\frac{179}{194}t \\ t \end{pmatrix} = t \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{85}{97} \\ -\frac{1}{97} \\ -\frac{179}{194} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ which is the required non-trivial}$$

$$\text{solution spanned by the vector } \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{85}{97} \\ -\frac{1}{97} \\ -\frac{179}{194} \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and here } t \text{ is the free variable.}$$