

MTH101: Solution of Practice Exercise

Lecture No.20: Derivatives of Logarithmic and Exponential Functions

Q.No.1

Differentiate: $y = (5-x)^{\sqrt{x}}$.

Answer: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{\ln(5-x)}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(5-x)} \right) \cdot (5-x)^{\sqrt{x}}$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore y &= (5-x)^{\sqrt{x}}, \\ \text{taking log on both sides, } \\ \Rightarrow \ln y &= \sqrt{x} \ln(5-x) \quad (\because \ln m^n = n \ln m), \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \ln(5-x) + \frac{1}{(5-x)} (-1) \cdot \sqrt{x}, \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left(\frac{\ln(5-x)}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(5-x)} \right) \cdot y, \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left(\frac{\ln(5-x)}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(5-x)} \right) \cdot (5-x)^{\sqrt{x}}.\end{aligned}$$

Q.No.2

Differentiate $y = (\cos x)^{8x}$ with respect to 'x'.

Answer: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(8 \ln(\cos x) - \frac{8x \sin x}{\cos x} \right) (\cos x)^{8x}$

Solution:

$$\therefore y = (\cos x)^{8x},$$

taking log on both sides,

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \ln y &= (8x) \ln(\cos x), & (\because \ln m^n = n \ln m), \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 8 \cdot \ln(\cos x) + \frac{1}{(\cos x)} \cdot (-\sin x) \cdot (8x), & \left(\because \frac{d}{dx}(\ln x) = \frac{1}{x}; \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = -\sin x \right), \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left(8 \ln(\cos x) - \frac{8x \sin x}{\cos x} \right) \cdot y, \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left(8 \ln(\cos x) - \frac{8x \sin x}{\cos x} \right) (\cos x)^{8x}. \end{aligned}$$

Q.No.3

Differentiate $y = x^{\sin 5x}$ with respect to 'x'.

$$\text{Answer: } \frac{dy}{dx} = \left(5(\cos 5x) \cdot \ln(x) + \frac{\sin 5x}{x} \right) (x^{\sin 5x})$$

Solution:

$$\therefore y = x^{\sin 5x},$$

Taking log on both sides ,

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \ln y &= (\sin 5x) \ln(x), & (\because \ln m^n = n \ln m), \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} &= 5(\cos 5x) \cdot \ln(x) + \frac{1}{x} \cdot (\sin 5x), & \left(\because \frac{d}{dx}(\ln x) = \frac{1}{x}; \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x \right), \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left(5(\cos 5x) \cdot \ln(x) + \frac{\sin 5x}{x} \right) \cdot y, \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= \left(5(\cos 5x) \cdot \ln(x) + \frac{\sin 5x}{x} \right) (x^{\sin 5x}). \end{aligned}$$

Q.No.4

Differentiate $y = x e^{3x+4}$.

$$\text{Answer: } \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{3x+4} + 3x e^{3x+4}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}\because \quad & y = x e^{3x+4}, \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= e^{3x+4} + x e^{3x+4} \frac{d}{dx}(3x+4), \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} &= e^{3x+4} + 3x e^{3x+4}.\end{aligned}$$

Q.No.5

Find the derivative of the function $y = \ln(2 + x^5)$ with respect to 'x'.

Answer: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5x^4}{(2 + x^5)}$

Solution:

$$y = \ln(2 + x^5),$$

now taking the derivative of the function on both sides ,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{d}{dx} \{\ln(2 + x^5)\}, \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{(2 + x^5)} \frac{d}{dx}(2 + x^5), \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{1}{(2 + x^5)} (0 + 5x^4), \\ \frac{dy}{dx} &= \frac{5x^4}{(2 + x^5)}.\end{aligned}$$