

# Lab Manual

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CS602 – Computer Graphics



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### Lab 7

**Write the C Program to draw circle by using Midpoint Circle algorithm having center at 50th row and 50th column and radius length of 15 pixels.**

```
#include<iostream.h>
#include<graphics.h>
void drawcircle(int x0, int y0, int radius)
{
    int x = radius;
    int y = 0;
    int err = 0;
    while (x >= y)
    {
        putpixel(x0 + x, y0 + y, 7);
        putpixel(x0 + y, y0 + x, 7);
        putpixel(x0 - y, y0 + x, 7);
        putpixel(x0 - x, y0 + y, 7);
        putpixel(x0 - x, y0 - y, 7);
        putpixel(x0 - y, y0 - x, 7);
        putpixel(x0 + y, y0 - x, 7);
        putpixel(x0 + x, y0 - y, 7);

        if (err <= 0)
        {
            y += 1;
            err += 2*y + 1;
        }
        if (err > 0)
        {
            x -= 1;

```

```

        err -= 2*x + 1;
    }
}
int main()
{
    int gdriver=DETECT, gmode, error, x, y, r;
    initgraph(&gdriver, &gmode, "");

    cout<<"Enter radius of circle: ";
    cin>>r;

    cout<<"Enter co-ordinates of center(x and y): ";
    cin>>x>>y;
    drawcircle(x, y, r);
    getch();
    return 0;
}

```

### **Mechanism to Conduct Lab:**

Lab Session will be communicated through Skype / Adobe Connect session. As in computer graphics all the programs are implemented through Dev C++. During lab session students programming question are incorporated either through direct answers or through some sort of tutorials that are already uploaded at VULMS.

For 64-bit windows install the following version of Dev-CPP.

<https://vulms.vu.edu.pk/Courses/CS602/Downloads/Dev-Cpp%205.9.2%20TDM-GCC%204.8.1%20Setup.rar>

For adding graphics library in 64-bit version of Dev-CPP see the link that illustrates the steps.

<https://vulms.vu.edu.pk/Courses/CS602/Downloads/Adding%20graphics%20library%20in%20Dev%20C++%20For%20Windows%2010%20Tutorial.docx>

For 32-bit windows you can install the following version of Dev-CPP.

[https://vulms.vu.edu.pk/Courses/CS602/Downloads/devcpp-4.9.9.2\\_setup.exe](https://vulms.vu.edu.pk/Courses/CS602/Downloads/devcpp-4.9.9.2_setup.exe)

In case you have 32 windows, you are required to follow the instruction as given in the following document.

<https://vulms.vu.edu.pk/Courses/CS602/Downloads/Add%20graphics%20in%20Dev%20cpp.doc>

Furthermore for 32-bit platform, you can download the graphics library from following link.

<https://vulms.vu.edu.pk/Courses/CS602/Downloads/graphics%20library.zip>

## Lab 8

**Write the C Program to implement polygon filling by using the flood fill algorithm.**

```
#include <graphics.h>
#include <stdio.h>

// flood fill algorithm
void flood(int x, int y, int new_col, int old_col)
{
    // check current pixel is old_color or not
    if (getpixel(x, y) == old_col) {

        // put new pixel with new color
        putpixel(x, y, new_col);

        // recursive call for bottom pixel fill
        flood(x + 1, y, new_col, old_col);

        // recursive call for top pixel fill
        flood(x - 1, y, new_col, old_col);

        // recursive call for right pixel fill
        flood(x, y + 1, new_col, old_col);

        // recursive call for left pixel fill
        flood(x, y - 1, new_col, old_col);
    }
}

int main()
{
    int gd, gm = DETECT;

    // initialize graph
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "");

    // rectangle coordinate
    int top, left, bottom, right;

    top = left = 50;
    bottom = right = 300;

    // rectangle for print rectangle
    rectangle(left, top, right, bottom);
```

```

// filling start coordinate
int x = 51;
int y = 51;

// new color to fill
int newcolor = 12;

// new color which you want to fill
int oldcolor = 0;

// call for fill rectangle
flood(x, y, newcolor, oldcolor);
getch();

return 0;
}

```

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### **Lab 9**

**C++ program to draw circle and fill it by using Flood fill algorithm.**

```

#include<iostream.h>
#include<graphics.h>
#include<dos.h>

void floodFill(int x,int y,int oldcolor,int newcolor)
{
    if(getpixel(x,y) == oldcolor)
    {
        putpixel(x,y,newcolor);
        floodFill(x+1,y,oldcolor,newcolor);
        floodFill(x,y+1,oldcolor,newcolor);
        floodFill(x-1,y,oldcolor,newcolor);
        floodFill(x,y-1,oldcolor,newcolor);
    }
}
//getpixel(x,y) gives the color of specified pixel

int main()
{
    int gm,gd=DETECT,radius;
    int x,y;

    cout<<"Enter x and y positions for circle\n";
    cin>>x>>y;
    cout<<"Enter radius of circle\n";
    cin>>radius;

    initgraph(&gd,&gm,"");
    circle(x,y,radius);
    floodFill(x,y,0,15);
    delay(5000);
    closegraph();

    return 0;
}

```

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