

Lab Experiment # 10

Building digital logic circuits using Decoders

Objectives

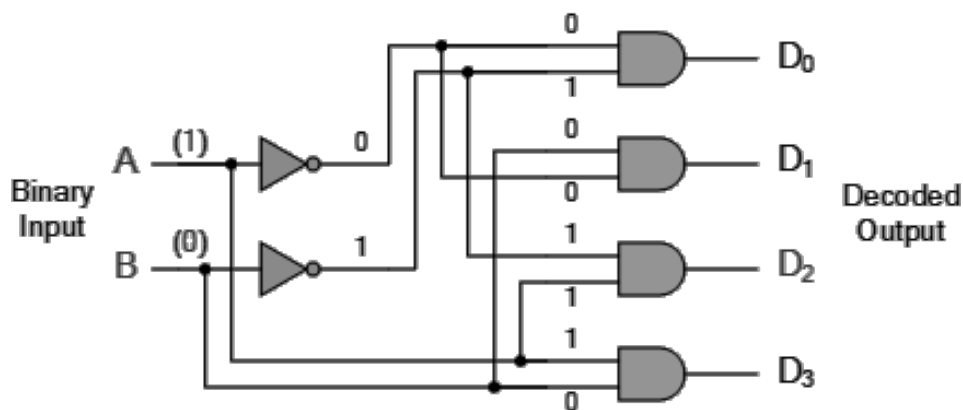
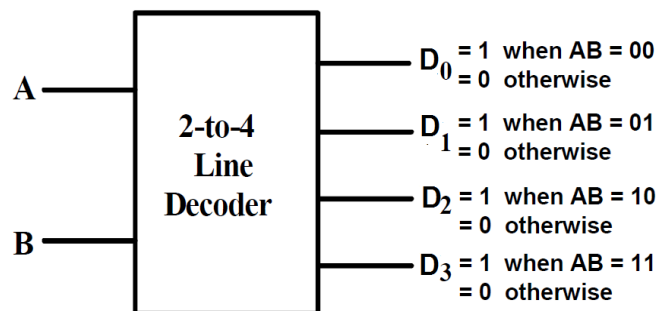
- To learn how to build combinational logic circuits using decoders.

Background

In a **Combinational Logic Circuit**, the output is dependant at all times on the combination of its inputs. Some examples of a combinational circuit include **Multiplexers**, **De-multiplexers**, **Encoders**, **Decoders**, **Full** and **Half Adders** etc.

A **Decoder** is a circuit with two or more inputs and one or more outputs. Its basic function is to accept a binary word (code) as an input and create a different binary word as an output.

| A | B | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 |
|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

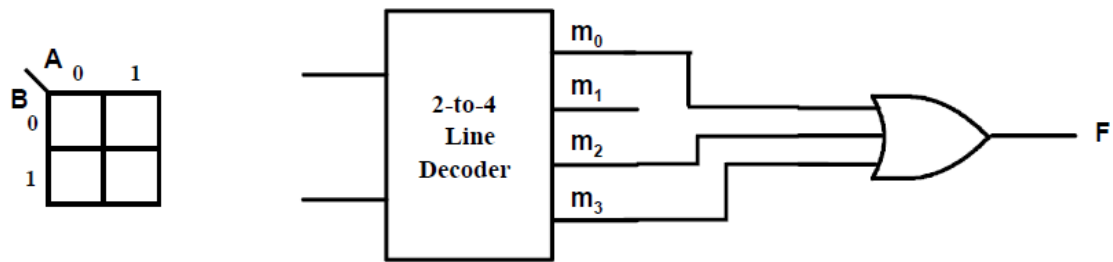


Logic Functions Realized with Decoders:


Example: $F = A + B'$

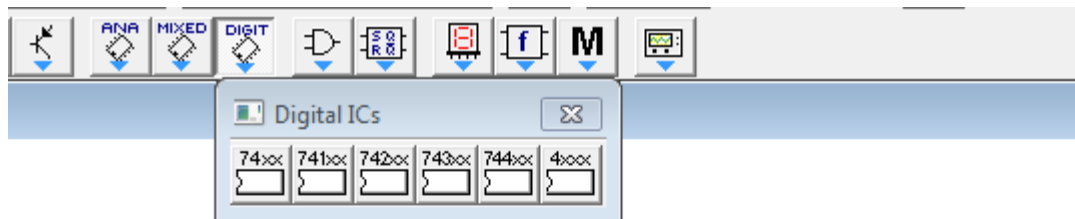
$$= A (B + B') + B' (A + A')$$

$$= AB + AB' + A'B'$$

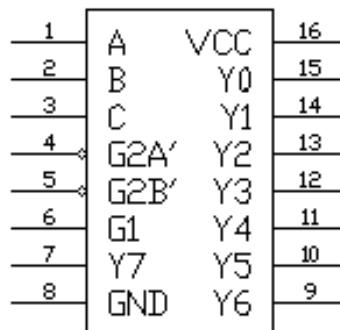
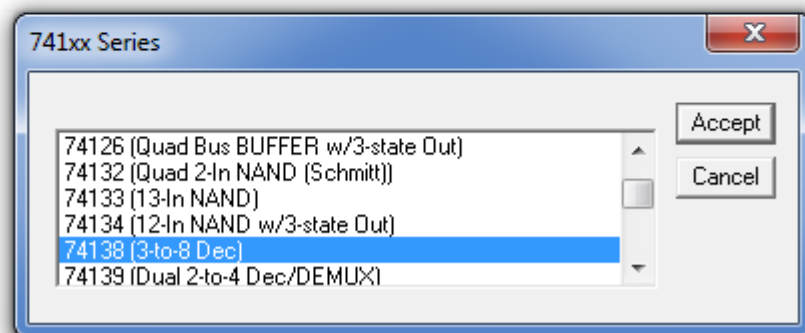


Drawing Decoders using EWB:

Click on the  button on the toolbar, then drag a 741xx digital IC into your workspace. From the list, select either 74138 (3-8 decoder) or 74154 (4-16 decoder) as shown next.



741xx

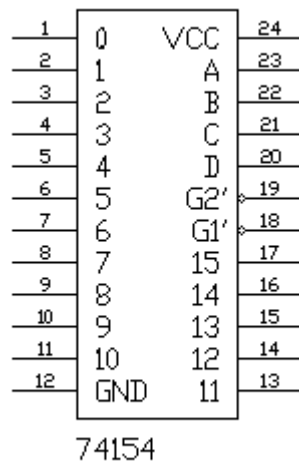


74138

74138 (3-8 decoder)

The 3-to-8 decoder truth table is shown next:

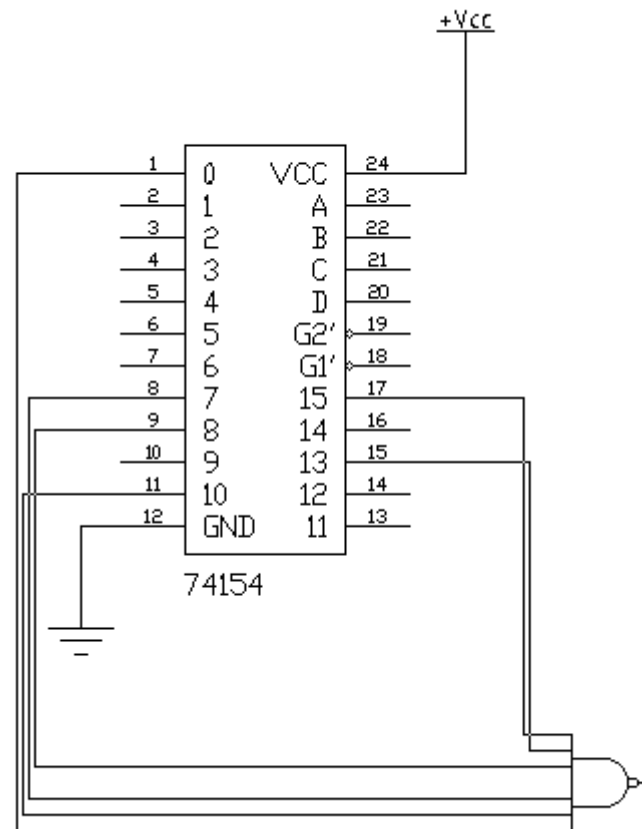
| | | | Select | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|----|------|--------|---|---|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| G2A' | G1 | G2B' | C | B | A | Y0 | Y1 | Y2 | Y3 | Y4 | Y5 | Y6 | Y7 |
| x | x | 1 | x | x | x | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| x | 0 | X | x | x | x | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | x | x | x | Output corresponding to stored address 0; all others 1 | | | | | | | |



74154 (4-16 decoder)

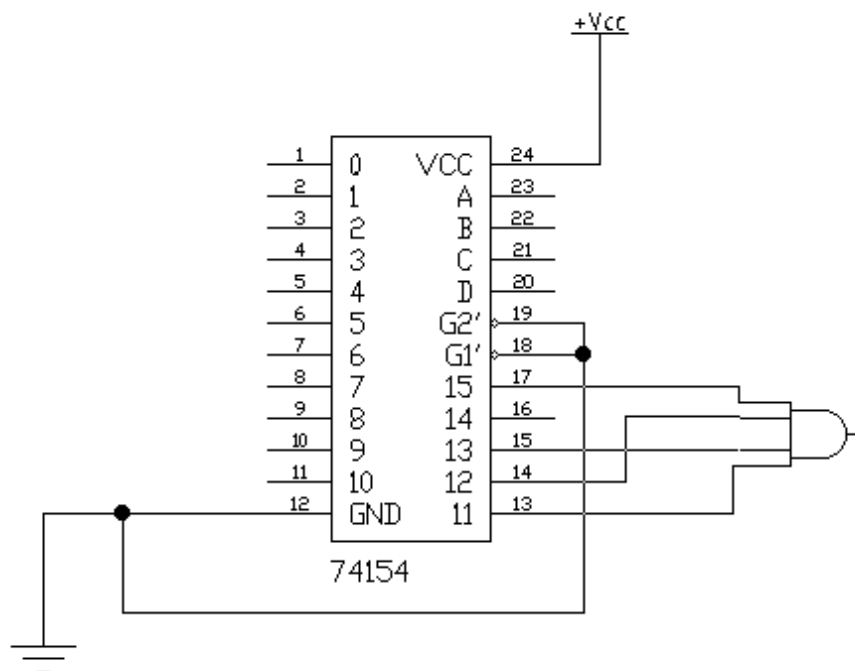
Example: drawing a 4-input function using 74154 (Sum of minterms)

Next is the function $F(D, C, B, A) = \sum 0, 7, 8, 10, 13, 15$



Example: drawing a 4-input function using 74154 (Product of maxterms)

Next is the function $F(D, C, B, A) = \prod 11, 12, 13, 15$



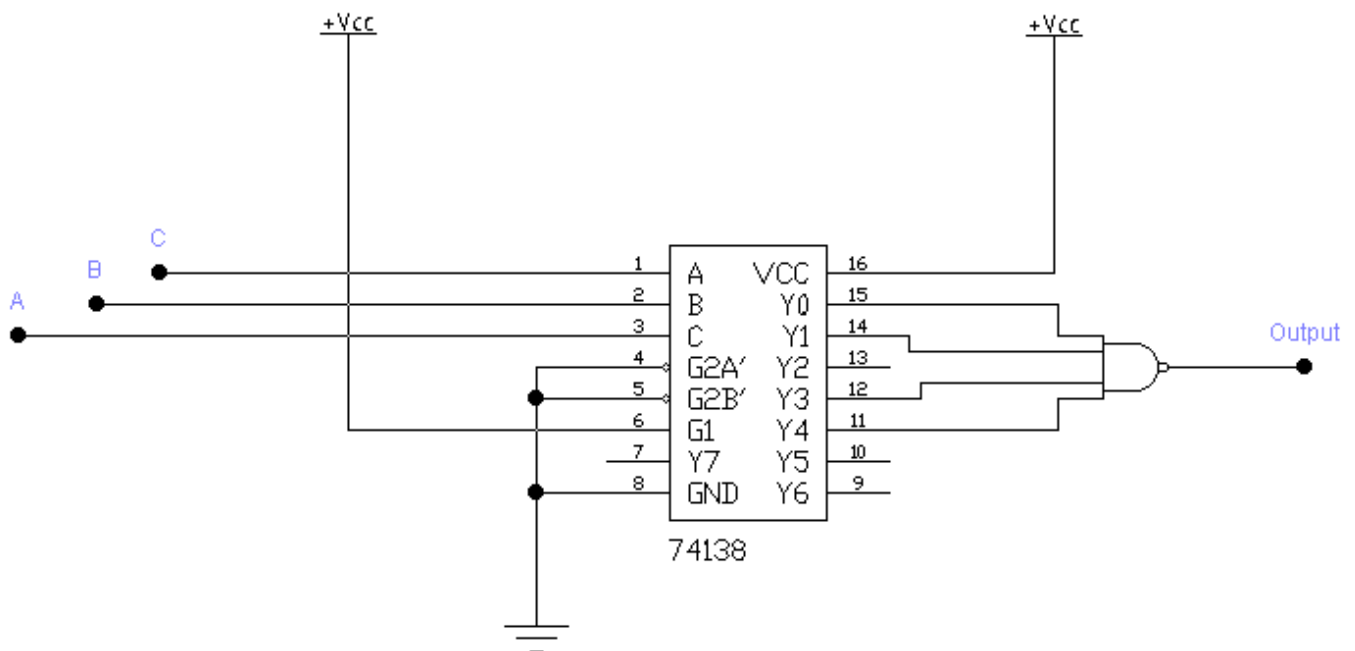
Lab Tasks

Task 1: Implementing 3-variable Boolean expressions using 3-8 decoder

Implement the following function using 3-8 decoders.

| | A | B | C | F |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

The above function can be implemented as shown next. Redraw this circuit using EWB.

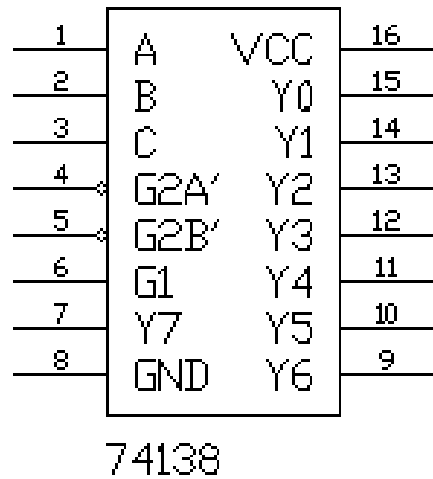


Task 2: Implementing multiple 3-variable Boolean expressions using 3-8 decoder

Implement the following three functions using 3-8 decoders.

| | A | B | C | F1 | F2 | F3 |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

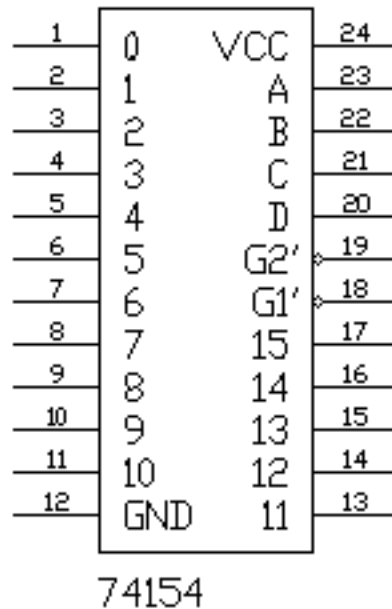


Task 3: Problems with verbal description

Design a combinational circuit (using **one 4-16 decoder**) with four inputs, and one output to implement the following function.

| | A | B | C | D | F |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |

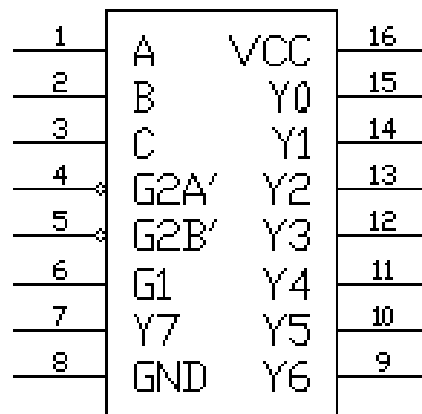
| | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|



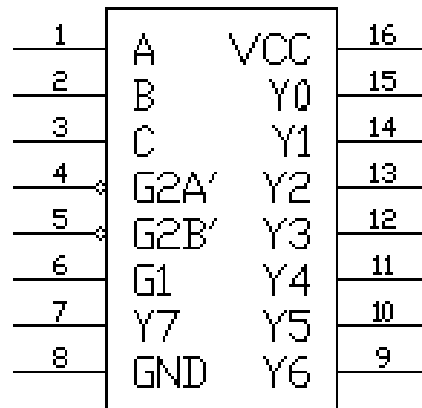
Task 4: Problems with verbal description

Design a combinational circuit (using **two 3-8 decoder**) with four inputs, and one output to implement the following function.

| | A | B | C | D | F |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 7 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| 12 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 15 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |



74138



74138